
OpenAIRE Guidelines

Release 1.1.2-SNAPSHOT

OpenAIRE

2022-09-01

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INTRODUCTION

These guidelines describe the CERIF-XML profile for CRIS managers to be compatible with OpenAIRE.

1.1 Aim

The Guidelines provide orientation for CRIS managers to expose their metadata in a way that is compatible with the OpenAIRE infrastructure. By implementing the Guidelines, CRIS managers support the inclusion and therefore the reuse of metadata in their systems within the OpenAIRE infrastructure. For developers of CRIS platforms, the Guidelines provide guidance to add supportive functionalities for CRIS managers and users. Exchange of information between individual CRIS systems and the OpenAIRE infrastructure is an example of point-to-point data exchange between CRIS systems, since the OpenAIRE infrastructure is itself a CRIS system.

1.2 CERIF-CRIS

CERIF (Common European Research Information Format) is a standard data model for research information and a recommendation by the European Union to Member States. The care and custody of CERIF was handed over by the European Union to euroCRIS (<http://www.eurocris.org>), a non-for-profit organisation dedicated to the interoperability of Research Information Systems (CRISs). In addition to a domain model and a formal data model, CERIF includes a mechanism to construct XML profiles (specialized subsets) for specific information interchange scenarios. The OpenAIRE profile of CERIF supports harvesting and importing metadata from CRIS systems.





1.3 FAIR enabled

The guidelines assist and support the Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, and Re-usable principles. More details could be found in the dedicated section *FAIR enabled*.

1.4 Acknowledgements

We wish to acknowledge the following contributors and also those who provided feedback outside the formal editing and reviewing work.

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1.5 Versions

- 1.1.1, December 2018, [doi:10.5281/zenodo.2316420](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2316420)
- 1.1.0, June 2018, [doi:10.5281/zenodo.1298650](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1298650)
- 1.0, June 2015, [doi:10.5281/zenodo.17065](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.17065)

1.5.1 List of changes in the 1.1.1 version (since 1.1.0)

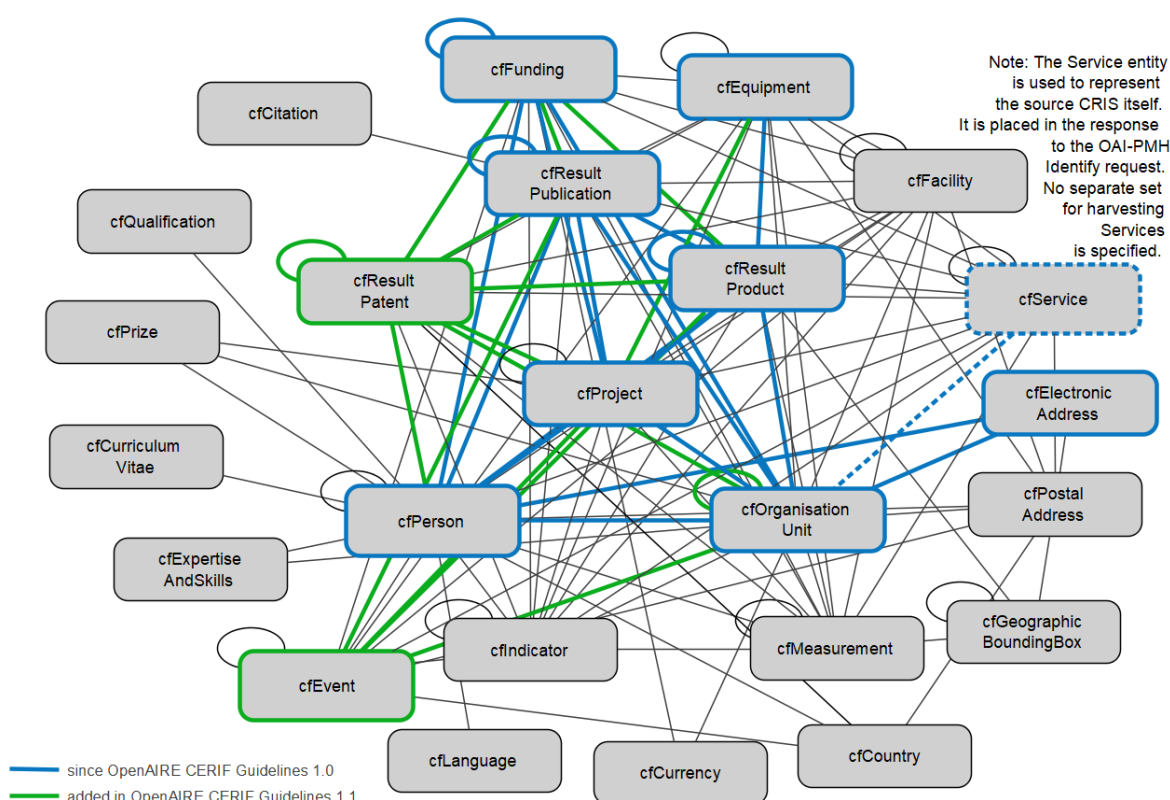
1. **Digital Author Identifier** (DAI) is added as a person identifier type. (#49)
2. **Multiple person identifiers** of the same kind are allowed: where ambiguous or uncertain information is available, it should be listed in `<AlternativeXXX>` elements (where XXX is the identifier type). (#48)
3. **Multiple parents of an OrgUnit** are allowed so that e.g. interdisciplinary research centres can be represented faithfully. (#45)
4. The `xmlns:cfprocess` declaration was removed where it was not needed. (#43)
5. The upstream development of CERIF XML introduced changes in the `includes/cerif-commons.xsd` schema component.
6. Cached Schematron schemas are now being taken from a more authoritative source.
7. The documentation was improved regarding the precision of date/datetime fields (#47), regular expression constraints in the XML Schema (#50) and the DisplayName feature (#52).
8. The official location of the XML Schema files is now at <https://www.openaire.eu/schema/crif/1.1/> (#51)

1.6 Feedback

We welcome your comments and suggestions. Please see <https://github.com/openaire/guidelines-cris-managers#contributing>

CRIS INFORMATION ELEMENTS RELEVANT FOR OPENAIRE

CERIF is a comprehensive model for the research domain. Only a subset of that information is relevant for OpenAIRE. For example, Publications, Products (including research datasets and software), and Events fall in the scope of the OpenAIRE profile, while Prizes and Geographic bounding boxes do not. The following diagram shows the part of the CERIF model is being used in this version of the OpenAIRE Guidelines:



The CERIF model provides for research information objects to be classified according to their type, status, subject, etc. and for expressing the types of relationships. It does not, however, fix the semantic vocabularies to be used for such classifications; CERIF only recommends some that may have common applicability. For information communication to be successful, any CERIF profile needs to specify the semantic vocabularies so that producers know what to produce and consumers know what to expect.

The OpenAIRE CERIF profile does precisely this and prescribes most vocabularies to be used. The most notable example is the fact that the types of research outputs are expressed using the COAR Resource Types vocabulary.¹ CERIF has three entities to represent research outputs: Publications, Products and

¹ See <https://www.coar-repositories.org/activities/repository-interoperability/coar-vocabularies/deliverables/>

Patents. The COAR vocabulary was broken down into three separate sub-vocabularies to be used with the respective entities.

The following sections define the CERIF data elements for the exchange of data between individual CRIS systems and the OpenAIRE infrastructure. The exclusive use of the defined data elements and vocabularies is mandatory, i.e. no other data elements and vocabularies can be used in the CERIF XML data exposed by CRIS systems to the OpenAIRE infrastructure. The vocabularies are sourced from relevant outside sources; some of the vocabularies are based on the CERIF 1.5 Semantics. Extensions are possible in the review phase of these Guidelines.

2.1 Publication

Description

A text based scholarly publication or publishing channel that contains results of research. CRISs typically record metadata about scholarly publications from the scope of the CRIS (institutional CRIS for the institution, funder CRIS for the funding it distributed, etc.) in the context of the research projects, infrastructure, funding, organization units and authors/contributors. This entity typically represents the granularity level of a single published item for which attribution information is attached (usually in the form of a list of authors and contributors). This entity is also used to represent publishing channels and sources: journals and book series (incl. continuing conference proceedings series). (Taken from <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.procs.2014.06.008>)

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_publications.xml](#)

Representation

XML element `Publication`; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the `ResultPublication` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication>)

2.1.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute `id`

CERIF

the `ResultPublicationIdentifier` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.ResultPublicationIdentifier>)

2.1.2 Type

Description

The type of the publication

Use

mandatory (1)

Representation

XML element Type from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/COAR_Publication_Types

CERIF

the ResultPublication_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

Vocabulary

Publication types extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme: Types of publications as extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme (http://vocabularies.coar-repositories.org/documentation/resource_types/, the term 'text' and its descendants in the hierarchy except 'patent').

- **text** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cf): A resource consisting primarily of words for reading. Examples include books, letters, dissertations, poems, newspapers, articles, archives of mailing lists. Note that facsimiles or images of texts are still of the genre Text.
 - **annotation** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_1162): An annotation in the sense of a legal note is a legally explanatory comment on a decision handed down by a court or arbitral tribunal.
 - **bibliography** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_86bc): A systematic list or enumeration of written works by a specific author or on a given subject.
 - **book** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_2f33): A non-serial publication that is complete in one volume or a designated finite number of volumes. (adapted from CiTO; EPrint Type vocabulary)
 - * **book part** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_3248): A defined chapter or section of a book, usually with a separate title or number.
 - **conference object** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_c94f): All kind of digital resources contributed to a conference, like conference presentation (slides), conference report, conference lecture, abstracts, demonstrations. For conference papers, posters or proceedings the specific concepts should be used..
 - * **conference proceedings** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_f744): Conference proceedings is the official record of a conference meeting. It is a collection of documents which corresponds to the presentations given at the conference. It may include additional content.
 - **conference paper** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_5794): A conference paper that is submitted to a conference and presented to the audience. The conference paper is published in proceedings.
 - **conference poster** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_6670): A conference poster that is submitted to a conference and presented there at a

poster presentation. The conference poster is published in proceedings.

- * **conference paper not in proceedings** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cp): A conference paper that is submitted to a conference and presented to the audience. The conference paper is not published in proceedings.
- * **conference poster not in proceedings** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18co): A conference poster that is submitted to a conference and presented there at a poster presentation. The conference poster is not published in proceedings.
- **lecture** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_8544): A transcription of a talk delivered during an academic event.
- **letter** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_0857): A brief description of important new research, also known as “communication”. (adapted from EuroCRIS)
- **periodical** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_2659): A periodical is a publication issued on a regular and ongoing basis as a series of issues. (Adapted from fabio)
- * **journal** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_0640): A periodical of (academic) journal articles. (Adapted from bibo)
 - **contribution to journal** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_3e5a): A contribution to a journal denotes a work published in a journal. If applicable sub-terms should be chosen.
 - **journal article** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_6501): An article on a particular topic and published in a journal issue. (adapted from fabio)
 - **review article** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_dcae04bc): A review article is a secondary source, that is, it is written about other articles, and does not report original research of its own. (adapted from <http://apus.libanswers.com/faq/2324>)
 - **research article** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_2df8fbb1): A research article is a primary source, that is, it reports the methods and results of an original study performed by the authors. (adapted from <http://apus.libanswers.com/faq/2324>)
 - **editorial** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_b239): A brief essay expressing the opinion or position of the chief editor(s) of a (academic) journal with respect to a current political, social, cultural, or professional issue. Adapted from ODLIS
 - **data paper** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_beb9): A data paper is a scholarly publication describing a particular dataset or group of dataset, published in the form of a peer-reviewed article in a scholarly journal. The main purpose of a data paper is to describe data, the circumstances of their collection, and information related to data features, access and potential reuse. Adapted from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Data_paper and <http://www.gbif.org/publishing-data/data-papers>

- **letter to the editor** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_545b): A letter to the editor is a letter sent to a periodical about issues of concern from its readers. (adapted from Wikipedia)
- **preprint** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_816b): Pre-print describes the first draft of the article - before peer-review, even before any contact with a publisher. This use is common amongst academics for whom the key modification of an article is the peer-review process. Another use of the term pre-print is for the finished article, reviewed and amended, ready and accepted for publication - but separate from the version that is type-set or formatted by the publisher. This use is more common amongst publishers, for whom the final and significant stage of modification to an article is the arrangement of the material for putting to print.
- **report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_93fc): A report is a separately published record of research findings, research still in progress, or other technical findings, usually bearing a report number and sometimes a grant number assigned by the funding agency. Also, an official record of the activities of a committee or corporate entity, the proceedings of a government body, or an investigation by an agency, whether published or private, usually archived or submitted to a higher authority, voluntarily or under mandate. In a more general sense, any formal account of facts or information related to a specific event or phenomenon, sometimes given at regular intervals.
 - * **report part** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ba1f): part of a report
 - * **internal report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18ww): An internal report is a record of findings collected for internal use. It is not designed to be made public and may include confidential or proprietary information.
 - * **memorandum** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18wz): It is a note, document or other communication that helps the memory by recording events or observations on a topic. A memorandum can have only a certain number of formats; it may have a format specific to an office or institution.
 - * **other type of report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18wq): Other types of report may include Business Plans Technical Specifications, data management plans, recommendation reports, white papers, annual reports, auditor's reports, workplace reports, census reports, trip reports, progress reports, investigative reports, budget reports, policy reports, demographic reports, credit reports, appraisal reports, inspection reports, military reports, bound reports, etc.
 - * **policy report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_186u): A policy report is a type of report that provides an in-depth look at major policy developments and events
 - * **project deliverable** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18op): A project deliverable is an “outcome” as a result of a project that is intended to be delivered to a customer (e.g. funder). Examples of deliverable are report, document, work package or any other building block of an overall project.
 - * **report to funding agency** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18hj): A report to a funding agency is a document written by beneficiaries of

- project grants. The reporting documents can be e.g. periodic reports about progress of scientific and technical work and final report. For deliverables use 'Project deliverable'.
- * **research report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18ws): Research Reports are reports that typically provide an in-depth study of a particular topic or describe the results of a research project.
 - * **technical report** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18gh): A technical report is a document that records the procedure adopted and results obtained from a scientific or technical activity or investigation.
- **research proposal** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_baaf): documentation for grant request
 - **review** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_efa0): A review of others' published work.
 - * **book review** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ba08): A written review and critical analysis of the content, scope and quality of a book or other monographic work.
 - **technical documentation** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_71bd): Technical documentation refers to any type of documentation that describes handling, functionality and architecture of a technical product or a product under development or use.
 - **working paper** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_8042): A working paper or preprint is a report on research that is still on-going or which has not yet been accepted for publication.
 - **thesis** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_46ec): A thesis or dissertation is a document submitted in support of candidature for an academic degree or professional qualification presenting the author's research and findings.
 - * **bachelor thesis** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_7a1f): A thesis reporting a research project undertaken as part of an undergraduate course of education leading to a bachelor's degree.
 - * **doctoral thesis** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_db06): A thesis reporting the research undertaken during a period of graduate study leading to a doctoral degree.
 - * **master thesis** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_bdcc): A thesis reporting a research project undertaken as part of a graduate course of education leading to a master's degree.
 - **musical notation** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cw): Musical notation is any system used to visually represent aurally perceived music through the use of written symbols, including ancient or modern musical symbols.

2.1.3 Language

Description

The language of the publication. Please use the IETF language tags as described in the IETF BCP 47 document.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `Language`

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_Classification` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification) with the <http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/language> semantics

2.1.4 Title

Description

The title of the publication

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Title` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPublication.Title` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Title>)

2.1.5 Subtitle

Description

The subtitle of the publication

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subtitle` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPublication.Subtitle` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Subtitle>)

2.1.6 NameAbbreviation

Description

The abbreviation of the title of the publication. E.g. the acronym of a journal.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `NameAbbreviation` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPublication.NameAbbreviation` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.NameAbbreviation>)

2.1.7 PublishedIn

Description

The source (another Publication) where this publication appeared. E.g. a journal article lists here the journal where it appeared. To be used for a publishing channel.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `PublishedIn` with embedded XML element `Publication`

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterPublicationRelations#Publication> semantics (direction :1)

2.1.8 PartOf

Description

The Publication of which this publication is a part. E.g. a book chapter lists here the book that contains it. To be used for a containing publication.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `PartOf` with embedded XML element `Publication`

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterPublicationRelations#Part> semantics (direction :1)

2.1.9 PublicationDate

Description

The date the publication appeared

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PublicationDate

CERIF

the ResultPublication.ResultPublicationDate attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.ResultPublicationDate>)

Format

any of:

- year (YYYY) with optional time zone indication
- year and month (YYYY-MM) with optional time zone indication
- full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication
- date and time (YYYY-MM-DD 'T' hh:mm:ss(.SSS)) with optional time zone indication

2.1.10 Number

Description

The number of the publication (e.g. Article Number)

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Number

CERIF

the ResultPublication.Number attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Number>)

2.1.11 Volume

Description

The volume of the publishing channel where this publication appeared

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Volume

CERIF

the ResultPublication.Volume attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Volume>)

2.1.12 Issue

Description

The issue of the publishing channel where this publication appeared

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Issue

CERIF

the ResultPublication.Issue attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Issue>)

2.1.13 Edition

Description

The edition of the publication

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Edition

CERIF

the ResultPublication.Edition attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Edition>)

2.1.14 StartPage

Description

The page where this publication starts, in case the publishing channel or containing publication has numbered pages

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element StartPage

CERIF

the ResultPublication.StartPage attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.StartPage>)

2.1.15 EndPage

Description

The page where this publication ends, in case the publishing channel or containing publication has numbered pages

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element EndPage

CERIF

the ResultPublication.EndPage attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.EndPage>)

2.1.16 DOI

Description

The Digital Object Identifier

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element DOI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `10\.\d{4,}(\.\d+)*[/[^\s]]+` (as per <https://www.crossref.org/blog/does-and-matching-regular-expressions/>)

2.1.17 Handle

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Handle

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.18 PMCID

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PMCID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.19 ISI-Number

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ISI-Number

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.20 SCP-Number

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element SCP-Number

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.21 ISSN

Description

The International Standard Serial Number

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element ISSN

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{4}-?\d{3}[\dX]` and length between 8 and 9 characters (as per https://data.crossref.org/reports/help/schema_doc/4.4.1/schema_4_4_1.html#issn_t)

medium**Use**

optional

Representation

XML attribute medium

Vocabulary

ISSN Media List

- **Print** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Print>): Print (paper)
- **Online** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Online>): Online (online publication)
- **Digital carrier** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#DigitalCarrier>): Digital carrier (CD-ROM, USB keys)
- **Other** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Other>): Other (Loose-leaf publications, braille, etc.)

2.1.22 ISBN**Description**

The International Standard Book Number

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element ISBN

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

any of:

- regular expression `978-\d+--\d+--\d` and length of exactly 17 characters (ISBN-13, human readable form)
- regular expression `978 \d+ \d+ \d+ \d` and length of exactly 17 characters (ISBN-13, human readable form)
- regular expression `979-[1-9]\d*-\d+--\d+--\d` and length of exactly 17 characters (ISBN-13, human readable form)
- regular expression `979 [1-9]\d* \d+ \d+ \d` and length of exactly 17 characters (ISBN-13, human readable form)
- regular expression `978\d{10}` and length of exactly 13 characters (ISBN-13, concise form)
- regular expression `979[1-9]\d{9}` and length of exactly 13 characters (ISBN-13, concise form)
- regular expression `\d+--\d+--\d+--[\dX]` and length of exactly 13 characters (ISBN-10, human readable form)

- regular expression `\d+ \d+ \d+ [\dX]` and length of exactly 13 characters (ISBN-10, human readable form)
- regular expression `\d{9}[\dX]` and length of exactly 10 characters (ISBN-10, concise form)

medium

Use

optional

Representation

XML attribute `medium`

Vocabulary

ISSN Media List

- **Print** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Print>): Print (paper)
- **Online** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Online>): Online (online publication)
- **Digital carrier** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#DigitalCarrier>): Digital carrier (CD-ROM, USB keys)
- **Other** (<http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Other>): Other (Loose-leaf publications, braille, etc.)

2.1.23 URL

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `URL`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.24 URN

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `URN`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.1.25 ZDB-ID

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ZDB-ID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{1,7}-[Xx\d]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P1042>)

2.1.26 Authors

Description

The authors of this publication

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element **Authors** with ordered embedded XML elements **Author** that can contain an embedded person with affiliations or organisation unit

Author

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element **Author** with embedded XML element **Person** optionally followed by one or several **Affiliation** elements, or **OrgUnit**. A **DisplayName** may be specified, too.

CERIF

the **Person_ResultPublication** linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Author> semantics; the **OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication** linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Author> semantics

2.1.27 Editors

Description

The editors of this publication

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `Editors` with ordered embedded XML elements `Editor` that can contain an embedded person with affiliations or organisation unit

Editor

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Editor` with embedded XML element `Person` optionally followed by one or several `Affiliation` elements, or `OrgUnit`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Person_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Editor> semantics; the `OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Editor> semantics

2.1.28 Publishers

Description

The publishers of this publication

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `Publishers` with ordered embedded XML elements `Publisher` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person

Publisher

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Publisher` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Publisher> semantics

org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Publisher> semantics; the Person_ResultPublication linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Publisher> semantics

2.1.29 License

Description

The license of the publication

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `License` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

2.1.30 Subject

Description

The subject of the publication from a classification

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

2.1.31 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Keyword` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPublication.Keywords` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Keywords>)

2.1.32 Abstract

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Abstract` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPublication.Abstract` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication.Abstract>)

2.1.33 Status

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Status` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

2.1.34 OriginatesFrom

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `OriginatesFrom` with embedded XML element `Project` or `Funding`

CERIF

the `Project_ResultPublication` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ProjectOutputRoles#Originator> semantics; the `ResultPublication_Funding` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OutputFundingRoles#Originator> semantics

2.1.35 PresentedAt

Description

The event where this publication was presented.¹

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `PresentedAt` with embedded XML element `Event`

¹ Note: Video recordings of conference presentations are stored as alternative representations of the primary object: the conference paper. It would be unnecessarily complex to represent them as separate, linked Products.

CERIF

the ResultPublication_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventOutputRelationships#Presented> semantics

2.1.36 OutputFrom**Description**

This publication contains the proceedings from the linked event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element OutputFrom with embedded XML element Event

CERIF

the ResultPublication_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventOutputRelationships#Output> semantics

2.1.37 Coverage**Description**

The event that is covered by this publication (e.g. a report about the event)

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Coverage with embedded XML element Event

CERIF

the ResultPublication_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventOutputRelationships#Coverage> semantics

2.1.38 References**Description**

Result outputs that are referenced by this publication

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element References with embedded XML element Publication or Patent or Product

CERIF

the ResultPublication_ResultPublication linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultPublication) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the ResultPublication_ResultProduct linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultProduct)

ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the ResultPublication_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1)

2.1.39 ns4:Access

Description

The open access type of the publication

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Access from namespace http://purl.org/coar/access_right

CERIF

the ResultPublication_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

Vocabulary

- **open access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_abf2): Open access refers to a resource that is immediately and permanently online, and free for all on the Web, without financial and technical barriers. The resource is either stored in the repository or referenced to an external journal or trustworthy archive.
- **embargoed access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_f1cf): Embargoed access refers to a resource that is metadata only access until released for open access on a certain date. Embargoes can be required by publishers and funders policies, or set by the author (e.g. such as in the case of theses and dissertations).
- **restricted access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_16ec): Restricted access refers to a resource that is available in a system but with some type of restriction for full open access. This type of access can occur in a number of different situations. Some examples are described below: The user must log-in to the system in order to access the resource The user must send an email to the author or system administrator to access the resource Access to the resource is restricted to a specific community (e.g. limited to a university community)
- **metadata only access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_14cb): Metadata only access refers to a resource in which access is limited to metadata only. The resource itself is described by the metadata, but neither is directly available through the system or platform nor can be referenced to an open access copy in an external journal or trustworthy archive.

2.2 Product

Description

Any result of research other than Publication or Patent. This includes: (1) research datasets, (2) software, (3) visualisations: still or moving images, including maps and other cartographic material, (4) audio recordings, (5) other objects that can be perceived through human senses.

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_products.xml](#)

Representation

XML element Product; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the ResultProduct entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct>)

2.2.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the ResultProductIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct.ResultProductIdentifier>)

2.2.2 Type

Description

The type of the resulting product (other than publication or patent)

Use

mandatory (1)

Representation

XML element Type from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/COAR_Product_Types

CERIF

the ResultProduct_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Classification)

Vocabulary

Product types extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme: Types of products as extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme (http://vocabularies.coar-repositories.org/documentation/resource_types/, all types that do not descend from 'text').

- **interactive resource** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_e9a0): A resource requiring interaction from the user to be understood, executed, or experienced. Examples include forms on Web pages, applets, multimedia learning objects, chat services, or virtual reality environments.
 - **website** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_7ad9): A website, also written as web site or simply site, is a set of related web pages typically served from a single web domain. A website is hosted on at least one web server, accessible via a network such as the Internet or a private local area network through an Internet address known as a uniform resource locator (URL). All publicly accessible websites collectively constitute the World Wide Web.
- **dataset** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ddb1): A collection of related facts and data encoded in a defined structure. (adapted from fabio; DataCite)
- **image** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_c513): A visual representation other than text, including all types of moving image and still image.
 - **moving image** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_8a7e): A moving display, either generated dynamically by a computer program or formed from a series of pre-recorded still images imparting an impression of motion when shown in succession. (adapted from fabio)
 - * **video** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_12ce): A recording of visual images, usually in motion and with sound accompaniment.
 - **still image** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ecc8): A recorded static visual representation. This class of image includes diagrams, drawings, graphs, graphic designs, plans, photographs and prints.
- **other** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_1843): A rest category which may cover text, interactive, sound, or image-based resources not explicitly addressed in any concept in this vocabulary
- **software** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_5ce6): A computer program in source code (text) or compiled form.
- **workflow** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_393c): A recorded sequence of connected steps, which may be automated, specifying a reliably repeatable sequence of operations to be undertaken when conducting a particular job, for example an in silico investigation that extracts and processes information from a number of bioinformatics databases.
- **cartographic material** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_12cc): Any material representing the whole or part of the earth or any celestial body at any scale. Cartographic materials include two- and three-dimensional maps and plans (including maps of imaginary places); aeronautical, navigational, and celestial charts; atlases; globes; block diagrams; sections; aerial photographs with a cartographic purpose; bird's-eye views (map views), etc.
 - **map** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_12cd): Defined as a representation normally to scale and on a flat medium, of a selection of material or abstract features on, or in relation to, the surface of the earth or of another celestial body.

- **sound** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cc): A resource primarily intended to be heard. Examples include a music playback file format, an audio compact disc, and recorded speech or sounds.
 - **musical composition** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cd): Musical composition can refer to an original piece of music, the structure of a musical piece, or the process of creating a new piece of music.

2.2.3 Language

Description

The language or languages of the product, if applicable. Please use the IETF language tags as described in the IETF BCP 47 document.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Language

CERIF

the ResultProduct_Classification linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Classification) with the <http://publications.europa.eu/resource/authority/language> semantics

2.2.4 Name

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the ResultProduct.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct.Name>)

2.2.5 VersionInfo

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element VersionInfo as a multilingual string

CERIF

the ResultProduct.VersionInfo attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct.VersionInfo>)

2.2.6 ARK

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ARK

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.2.7 DOI

Description

The Digital Object Identifier

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element DOI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `10\.\d{4,}(\.\d+)*/[^\s]+` (as per <https://www.crossref.org/blog/does-and-matching-regular-expressions/>)

2.2.8 Handle

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Handle

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.2.9 URL

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element URL

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.2.10 URN

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element URN

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.2.11 Creators

Description

The creators of this product

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Creators with ordered embedded XML elements Creator that can contain an embedded person with affiliations or organisation unit

Creator

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Creator with embedded XML element Person optionally followed by one or several Affiliation elements, or OrgUnit. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the Person_ResultProduct linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Creator> semantics; the OrganisationUnit_ResultProduct linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Creator> semantics

2.2.12 Publishers

Description

The publisher or publishers of this product

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Publishers with ordered embedded XML elements Publisher that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person

Publisher

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Publisher` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `OrganisationUnit_ResultProduct` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#Publisher> semantics; the `Person_ResultProduct` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Publisher> semantics

2.2.13 License

Description

The license of the product

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `License` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultProduct_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Classification)

2.2.14 Description

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Description` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultProduct.Description` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct.Description>)

2.2.15 Subject

Description

The subject of the product from a classification

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultProduct_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Classification)

2.2.16 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Keyword` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultProduct.Keywords` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct.Keywords>)

2.2.17 PartOf

Description

Link to the research output of which this product is a part (e.g. a data set collection that contains it)

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `PartOf` with embedded XML element `Publication` or `Patent` or `Product`

CERIF

the `ResultProduct_ResultProduct` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterProductRelations#Part> semantics (direction :1)

2.2.18 OriginatesFrom

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `OriginatesFrom` with embedded XML element `Project` or `Funding`

CERIF

the `Project_ResultProduct` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ProjectOutputRoles#Originator> semantics; the `ResultProduct_Funding` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OutputFundingRoles#Originator> semantics

2.2.19 GeneratedBy

Description

The equipment that generated this product

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `GeneratedBy` with embedded XML element `Equipment`

CERIF

the `ResultProduct_Equipment` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Equipment) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OutputResearchInfrastructureRelations#Generation> semantics

2.2.20 PresentedAt

Description

The event where this product was presented

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `PresentedAt` with embedded XML element `Event`

CERIF

the `ResultProduct_Event` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventOutputRelationships#Presented> semantics

2.2.21 Coverage

Description

The event that is covered by this product (e.g. a video or audio interview about the event)

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Coverage with embedded XML element Event

CERIF

the ResultProduct_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventOutputRelationships#Coverage> semantics

2.2.22 References

Description

Result outputs that are referenced by this product

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element References with embedded XML element Publication or Patent or Product

CERIF

the ResultPublication_ResultProduct linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the ResultProduct_ResultProduct linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_ResultProduct) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the ResultProduct_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1)

2.2.23 ns4:Access

Description

The open access type of the product

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Access from namespace http://purl.org/coar/access_right

CERIF

the ResultProduct_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_Classification)

Vocabulary

- **open access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_abf2): Open access refers to a resource that is immediately and permanently online, and free for all on the Web, without financial and technical barriers. The resource is either stored in the repository or referenced to an external journal or trustworthy archive.
- **embargoed access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_f1cf): Embargoed access refers to a resource that is metadata only access until released for open access on a certain date. Embargoes can be required by publishers and funders policies, or set by the author (e.g. such as in the case of theses and dissertations).
- **restricted access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_16ec): Restricted access refers to a resource that is available in a system but with some type of restriction for full open access. This type of access can occur in a number of different situations. Some examples are described below: The user must log-in to the system in order to access the resource. The user must send an email to the author or system administrator to access the resource. Access to the resource is restricted to a specific community (e.g. limited to a university community).
- **metadata only access** (http://purl.org/coar/access_right/c_14cb): Metadata only access refers to a resource in which access is limited to metadata only. The resource itself is described by the metadata, but neither is directly available through the system or platform nor can be referenced to an open access copy in an external journal or trustworthy archive.

2.3 Patent

Description

A set of exclusive rights granted by a sovereign state to an inventor or assignee for a limited period of time in exchange for detailed public disclosure of an invention.
Source: Wikipedia

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_patents.xml](#)

Representation

XML element Patent; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the ResultPatent entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent>)

2.3.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the `ResultPatentIdentifier` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.ResultPatentIdentifier>)

2.3.2 Type

Description

The type of the patent (currently just one option)

Use

mandatory (1)

Representation

XML element `Type` from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/COAR_Patent_Types

CERIF

the `ResultPatent_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Classification)

Vocabulary

Patent types extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme: Types of patents as extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme (http://vocabularies.coar-repositories.org/documentation/resource_types/, the term ‘patent’ only).

- **patent** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_15cd): A patent or patent application.

2.3.3 Title

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Title` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPatent.Title` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.Title>)

2.3.4 VersionInfo

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `VersionInfo` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPatent.VersionInfo` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.VersionInfo>)

2.3.5 RegistrationDate

Description

Date on which the application was physically received at the Patent Authority. Also named Filing Date

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element RegistrationDate

CERIF

the ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate linking entity attribute (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PatentStatuses#Filed> semantics

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.3.6 ApprovalDate

Description

Date on which the application has been granted by the Patent Office

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ApprovalDate

CERIF

the ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate linking entity attribute (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PatentStatuses#Granted> semantics

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.3.7 PublicationDate

Description

Date of making available to the public by printing or similar process of a patent document on which grant has taken place on or before the said date

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PublicationDate

CERIF

the ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate linking entity attribute (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Classification.StartDate) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PatentStatuses#Published> semantics

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.3.8 CountryCode

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element CountryCode

CERIF

the ResultPatent.CountryCode attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.CountryCode>)

2.3.9 Issuer

Description

The issuer of the patent: the patent office

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Issuer with embedded XML element OrgUnit. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#PatentIssuer> semantics

2.3.10 PatentNumber

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PatentNumber

CERIF

the ResultPatent.PatentNumber attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.PatentNumber>)

2.3.11 URL

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element URL

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.3.12 Inventors

Description

The inventors of this patent

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Inventors with ordered embedded XML elements Inventor

Inventor

Description

The inventor: The actual devisor of an invention that is the subject of a patent.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Inventor with embedded XML element Person optionally followed by one or several Affiliation elements. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the Person_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#Inventor> semantics

2.3.13 Holders

Description

The holders of this patent

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Holders with ordered embedded XML elements Holder that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person

Holder

Description

The patent rights holder, also known as the patentee or assignee

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Holder` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Person_ResultPatent` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOutputContributions#PatentHolder> semantics; the `OrganisationUnit_ResultPatent` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationOutputContributions#PatentHolder> semantics

2.3.14 Abstract

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Abstract` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `ResultPatent.Abstract` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.Abstract>)

2.3.15 Subject

Description

The subject of the patent from a classification

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `ResultPatent_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Classification)

2.3.16 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Keyword as a multilingual string

CERIF

the ResultPatent.Keywords attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent.Keywords>)

2.3.17 OriginatesFrom

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element OriginatesFrom with embedded XML element Project or Funding

CERIF

the Project_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ProjectOutputRoles#Originator> semantics; the ResultPatent_Funding linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OutputFundingRoles#Originator> semantics

2.3.18 Predecessor

Description

Patents that precede (i.e., have priority over) this patent

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Predecessor with embedded XML element Patent

CERIF

the ResultPatent_ResultPatent linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterPatentRelations#Predecessor> semantics (direction :1)

2.3.19 References

Description

Result outputs that are referenced by this patent

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `References` with embedded XML element `Publication` or `Patent` or `Product`

CERIF

the `ResultPublication_ResultPatent` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the `ResultProduct_ResultPatent` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultProduct_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1); the `ResultPatent_ResultPatent` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPatent_ResultPatent) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOutputRelations#Reference> semantics (direction :1)

2.4 Person

Description

A human being as an individual. Source: <https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/person> The kind of involvement of a Person in the research ecosystem is specified in the links with the organisations, the services, etc. This typically includes: (1) researchers (Persons performing research in an Organisation Unit as employees or students); (2) authors and contributors (Persons signing a publication, creators of data sets, software developers, etc.); (3) investigators and project participants (Persons involved in a Project as principal investigators, co investigators, project managers, consultants, etc.); (4) management (directors, rectors, deans, department heads, etc.); (5) support staffs (technicians, responsible for Equipment, librarians and digital asset curators, administrative staff, etc.). One Person typically has many of these relationships.

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_persons.xml](#)

Representation

XML element `Person`; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the `Person` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person>)

2.4.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the PersonIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person.PersonIdentifier>)

2.4.2 PersonName

Description

The name of the person

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PersonName containing optional FamilyNames, optional FirstNames and optional OtherNames

CERIF

the PersonName entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#PersonName>) and the corresponding link (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_PersonName)

FamilyNames

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element FamilyNames

CERIF

the PersonName.FamilyNames attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#PersonName.FamilyNames>)

FirstNames

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element FirstNames

CERIF

the PersonName.FirstNames attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#PersonName.FirstNames>)

OtherNames

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element OtherNames

CERIF

the PersonName.OtherNames attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#PersonName.OtherNames>)

2.4.3 Gender

Description

The gender of the person. Leave out in case the gender is unknown or not communicated.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Gender

CERIF

the Person.Gender attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person.Gender>)

Vocabulary

Genders (sociocultural, not linguistic)

- **Masculine** (m):
- **Feminine** (f):

2.4.4 ORCID

Description

The ORCID identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ORCID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `https://orcid\.org/0000-000(1-[5-9]|2-[0-9]|3-[0-4])[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{3}`
(as per <https://support.orcid.org/knowledgebase/articles/116780-structure-of-the-orcid-identifier>)

2.4.5 AlternativeORCID

Description

The ORCID identifiers in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element AlternativeORCID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `https://orcid\..org/0000-000(1-[5-9]|2-[0-9]|3-[0-4])[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{3}`
(as per <https://support.orcid.org/knowledgebase/articles/116780-structure-of-the-orcid-identifier>)

2.4.6 ResearcherID

Description

The ResearcherID identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ResearcherID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `[A-Z]-[0-9]{4}-(19|20)[0-9][0-9]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P1053>)

2.4.7 AlternativeResearcherID

Description

The ResearcherID identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element AlternativeResearcherID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `[A-Z]-[0-9]{4}-(19|20)[0-9][0-9]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P1053>)

2.4.8 ScopusAuthorID

Description

The Scopus Author ID identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `ScopusAuthorID`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `[0-9]{10,11}` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P1153>)

2.4.9 AlternativeScopusAuthorID

Description

The Scopus Author ID identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `AlternativeScopusAuthorID`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `[0-9]{10,11}` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P1153>)

2.4.10 ISNI

Description

The ISNI identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `ISNI`

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{4} \d{4} \d{4} \d{3}[\dX]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P213>)

2.4.11 AlternativeISNI

Description

The ISNI identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element AlternativeISNI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{4} \d{4} \d{4} \d{3}[\dX]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P213>)

2.4.12 DAI

Description

The Digital Author Identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element DAI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `info\:eu\-repo/dai/nl/\d{8}[\dxX]` (as per <https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/DAI>)

2.4.13 AlternativeDAI

Description

The Digital Author Identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `AlternativeDAI`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `info\:eu\-repo/dai/nl/\d{8}[\dxX]` (as per <https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/DAI>)

2.4.14 ElectronicAddress

Description

An electronic address associated with the person

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `ElectronicAddress`

CERIF

the `ElectronicAddress` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ElectronicAddress>) and the corresponding link (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_ElectronicAddress)

2.4.15 Affiliation

Description

The organisation or organisation unit the person is affiliated with

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Affiliation` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit`

CERIF

the `Person_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonOrganisationRoles#Affiliation> semantics

2.5 OrgUnit

Description

Organisation Unit: an organisation, a unit therein, a committee or any other group of people that has a collective goal. Organisation Units are not necessarily formalized as legal entities. In the research information domain Organisation Units typically represents: (1) organisations that perform research (universities, research institutes, corporations) and their subdivisions (faculties, schools, departments, research groups) and other associated bodies (boards, advisory bodies); (2) organisations that fund research (funders, their divisions and evaluation panels); (3) scientific associations and networks; (4) publishers, facility operators and other service providers in the research space; (5) authorities, such as patent offices and standardization or supervision bodies; and (6) other bodies: editorial boards, evaluation panels, or committees of all kinds.

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_orgunits.xml](#)

Representation

XML element `OrgUnit`; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit>)

2.5.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute `id`

CERIF

the OrganisationUnitIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit.OrganisationUnitIdentifier>)

2.5.2 Type

Description

The type of the organisation unit

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Type` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Classification)

2.5.3 Acronym

Description

The acronym of the organisation unit

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Acronym

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit.Acronym>)

2.5.4 Name

Description

The name of the organisation unit

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit.Name>)

2.5.5 RORID

Description

The ROR identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element RORID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `https://\./ror\.org/\0[\da-hj-km-np-tv-zA-HJ-KM-NP-TV-Z]{6}\d{2}` (as per <https://ror.org/facts/>)

2.5.6 AlternativeRORID

Description

The ROR identifiers in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `AlternativeRORID`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `https:\\\\ror\\.org\\/[0-9a-hj-km-np-tv-zA-HJ-KM-NP-TV-Z]{6}\\d{2}` (as per <https://ror.org/facts/>)

2.5.7 GRID

Description

The GRID identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `GRID`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `grid\\.\\d{4,}\\.[0-9a-f]{1,2}` (as per https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property_talk:P2427)

2.5.8 AlternativeGRID

Description

The GRID identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `AlternativeGRID`

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `grid\.\d{4,}\.\[0-9a-f]{1,2}` (as per https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property_talk:P2427)

2.5.9 ISNI

Description

The ISNI identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element ISNI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{4} \d{4} \d{4} \d{3}[\dX]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P213>)

2.5.10 AlternativeISNI

Description

The ISNI identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element AlternativeISNI

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression `\d{4} \d{4} \d{4} \d{3}[\dX]` (as per <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Property:P213>)

2.5.11 FundRefID

Description

The FundRef Registry Identifier in case its value is certain or known to be a preferred one.

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element FundRefID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression <https://www.crossref.org/display-guidelines/> <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q19822542>

2.5.12 AlternativeFundRefID

Description

The FundRef Registry Identifier in case the value is not certain, e.g. because there is a conflicting statement with a different value. This can also represent deprecated identifiers/profiles that have been merged into a single, current one that is preferred.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element AlternativeFundRefID

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

Format

regular expression <https://www.crossref.org/display-guidelines/> <https://www.wikidata.org/wiki/Q19822542>

2.5.13 Identifier

Description

A generic identifier, to be used only if your identifier does not fit in any of the above specific identifier types.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Identifier

2.5.14 ElectronicAddress

Description

An electronic address associated with the organisation unit

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element ElectronicAddress

CERIF

the ElectronicAddress entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ElectronicAddress>) and the corresponding link (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_ElectronicAddress)

2.5.15 PartOf

Description

Link to the larger unit that encompasses this unit. To be used for the immediate parents only. In order to represent the full path up through the hierarchy of an institution, use this construct recursively. In specific cases there may be several such parents at one time in parallel. An example: a interdisciplinary research centre within a university can be subordinated to several faculties.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element PartOf with embedded XML element OrgUnit

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_OrganisationUnit linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterOrganisationalStructure#Part> semantics (direction :1)

2.6 Project

Description

A temporary endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service or result. Source: the Project Management Institute, <https://www.pmi.org/about/learn-about-pmi/what-is-project-management> In the research information domain, one typically tracks: (1) research projects, where the result is an addition to the body of knowledge of the mankind, (2) technology development projects, where the result is a particular technology or product, (3) innovation projects, where the result is an improvement of a product or process, and (4) projects that create or enhance infrastructure for research, technology development or innovation. Depending on the scope one can also track finer levels of granularity: stages, work packages, sometimes even down to individual tasks. All such activities are also modelled using the Project entity and linked using the recursive link relationship. The Project entity only captures details of the project scope and plan. Information about the resources needed to execute the project such as the funding (i.e., the grants received), the people and organisations involved, the supporting infrastructures, the outputs produced, etc. is contained in separate entities (the Funding entity, the Person entity, the OrgUnit entity, the infrastructure entities, the result entities respectively) and is linked to the Project.

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_projects.xml](#)

Representation

XML element Project; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the Project entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project>)

2.6.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the ProjectIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.ProjectIdentifier>)

2.6.2 Type

Description

The type of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Type containing the classification identifier and having a scheme attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the Project_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Classification)

2.6.3 Acronym

Description

The acronym of the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Acronym

CERIF

the Project.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.Acronym>)

2.6.4 Title

Description

The title of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Title as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Project.Title attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.Title>)

2.6.5 Identifier

Description

An identifier of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Identifier with mandatory type attribute

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.6.6 StartDate

Description

The start date of the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element StartDate

CERIF

the Project.StartDate attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.StartDate>)

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.6.7 EndDate

Description

The end date of the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element EndDate

CERIF

the Project.EndDate attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.EndDate>)

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.6.8 Consortium

Description

The consortium of the project: the organisations (persons) who are contractually bound to do the work in the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `Consortium` with unordered embedded XML elements `Coordinator` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person or `Partner` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person or `Contractor` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person or `InkindContributor` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person or `Member` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person

Coordinator

Description

Project coordinator

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Coordinator` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#Coordinator> semantics; the `Project_Person` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#Coordinator> semantics

Partner

Description

Project partner

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Partner` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#Partner> semantics; the `Project_Person` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#Partner> semantics

Contractor

Description

Project contractor

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Contractor` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#Contractor> semantics; the `Project_Person` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#Contractor> semantics

InkindContributor

Description

Project in kind contributor

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `InkindContributor` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#InkindContributor> semantics; the `Project_Person` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#InkindContributor> semantics

Member

Description

A member of the project consortium

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Member` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#ConsortiumMember> semantics; the

Project_Person linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#ConsortiumMember> semantics

2.6.9 Team

Description

The project team: the persons who carry out the work in the project, typically as a part of their job at the organisations from the consortium

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Team with unordered embedded XML elements PrincipalInvestigator or Contact or Member

PrincipalInvestigator

Description

The principal investigator: the person responsible for the whole project, the head of the project team

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element PrincipalInvestigator with embedded XML element Person optionally followed by one or several Affiliation elements. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the Project_Person linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#PrincipalInvestigator> semantics

Contact

Description

A person to contact in matters connected with her/his organisations' participation in the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Contact with embedded XML element Person optionally followed by one or several Affiliation elements. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the Project_Person linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#OrganisationContact> semantics

Member

Description

A member of the project team

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Member` with embedded XML element `Person` optionally followed by one or several `Affiliation` elements. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_Person` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Person) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonProjectEngagements#TeamMember> semantics

2.6.10 Funded

Description

Information about funding of this project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Funded` with unordered embedded XML elements `By` that can contain an embedded organisation unit or person or `As`

By

Description

The funder of the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `By` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Project_OrganisationUnit` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_OrganisationUnit) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationProjectEngagements#Funder> semantics

As

Description

The specific funding device (grant, award, contract) for the project

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `As` with embedded XML element `Funding`

CERIF

the `Project_Funding` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ProjectFundingRelations#Support> semantics

2.6.11 Subject

Description

The subject classification(s) of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `Project_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Classification)

2.6.12 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression that characterize the project. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Keyword` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `Project.Keywords` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.Keywords>)

2.6.13 Abstract

Description

The abstract of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Abstract`

CERIF

the `Project.Abstract` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project.Abstract>)

2.6.14 Status

Description

The status of the project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Status` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `Project_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Classification)

2.6.15 Uses

Description

The equipment this project uses

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Uses` with embedded XML element `Equipment`

CERIF

the `Project_Equipment` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Equipment) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ProjectResearchInfrastructureRelations#User> semantics

2.6.16 OAMandate

Description

Information about the Open Access mandate that applies to this project

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element OAMandate

mandated

Description

The flag if Open Access is mandated in the project

Use

required

Representation

XML attribute mandated

Format

true or false (data type xs:boolean)

uri

Description

The Open Access policy that applies to the project

Use

optional

Representation

XML attribute uri

Format

URI (data type xs:anyURI)

2.7 Funding

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_fundings.xml](#)

Representation

XML element Funding; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the Funding entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding>)

2.7.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the `FundingIdentifier` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.FundingIdentifier>)

2.7.2 Type

Description

The type of the funding

Use

mandatory (1)

Representation

XML element `Type` from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types

CERIF

the `Funding_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding_Classification)

Vocabulary

Types of funding for the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers

- **Funding Programme** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#FundingProgramme): A funding programme or a similar scheme that funds some number of proposals. Funding programmes can be broken down into sub-programmes.
- **Call** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Call): Call for proposals: a specific campaign for the funder to solicit proposals from interested researchers and institutions.
- **Tender** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Tender): Tender for services or deliveries: a specific campaign for the funder to solicit offers for services or deliveries.
- **Gift** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Gift): A donation connected with specific terms and conditions.
- **Internal Funding** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#InternalFunding): Internal funds used to amend or replace external funding.
- **Contract** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Contract):
- **Award** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Award):

- **Grant** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Funding_Types#Grant):

2.7.3 Acronym

Description

The acronym of the funding

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Acronym

CERIF

the Funding.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.Acronym>)

2.7.4 Name

Description

The name of the funding

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Funding.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.Name>)

2.7.5 Amount

Description

The amount of the funding and its currency

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Amount

CERIF

the Funding.Amount <https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.CurrencyCode> attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.Amounthttps://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.CurrencyCode>)

2.7.6 Identifier

Description

An identifier of the funding

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Identifier` with mandatory `type` attribute

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.7.7 Description

Description

A description of the funding

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Description` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `Funding.Description` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.Description>)

2.7.8 Subject

Description

The subject classification(s) of the funding

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `Funding_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding_Classification)

2.7.9 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression that characterize the funding. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Keyword as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Funding.Keywords attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding.Keywords>)

2.7.10 Funder

Description

The funder or funders

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Funder with embedded XML element OrgUnit or Person. A DisplayName may be specified, too.

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_Funding linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationFundingRoles#Financier> semantics

2.7.11 PartOf

Description

Chain up to the larger funding that encompasses this funding

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element PartOf with embedded XML element Funding

CERIF

the Funding_Funding linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding_Funding) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/InterFundingRelations#Part> semantics (direction :1)

2.7.12 Duration

Description

Duration of the funding

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Duration *TODO*

CERIF

the Funding_Classification linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Funding_Classification) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/Durations#FundingDuration> semantics

2.7.13 OAMandate

Description

Information about the Open Access mandate that applies to this funding

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element OAMandate

mandated

Description

The flag if Open Access is mandated for this funding

Use

required

Representation

XML attribute mandated

Format

true or false (data type xs:boolean)

uri

Description

The Open Access policy that applies to this funding

Use

optional

Representation

XML attribute uri

Format

URI (data type xs:anyURI)

2.8 Service

Description

CRIS compatible with the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers

Examples

[sample Identify response](#)

Representation

XML element Service; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the Service entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service>)

2.8.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute id

CERIF

the ServiceIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service.ServiceIdentifier>)

2.8.2 Compatibility

Description

OpenAIRE compatibility of the CRIS

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Compatibility from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Service_Compatibility

CERIF

the Service_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service_Classification)

Vocabulary

Compatibility of service with the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers

- **OpenAIRE Guidelines 1.1.1 compatible CRIS** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Service_Compatibility#1.1.1): CRIS compatible with OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS managers version 1.1.1
- **OpenAIRE Guidelines 1.1 compatible CRIS** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Service_Compatibility#1.1): CRIS compatible with OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS managers version 1.1
- **OpenAIRE Guidelines 1.0 compatible CRIS** (https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/OpenAIRE_Service_Compatibility#1.0): CRIS compatible with OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS managers version 1.0

2.8.3 Acronym

Description

Acronym of the service

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Acronym

CERIF

the Service.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service.Acronym>)

2.8.4 Name**Description**

Name of the service

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Service.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service.Name>)

2.8.5 Identifier**Description**

An identifier of this service

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Identifier with mandatory type attribute

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.8.6 Description**Description**

Description of the service

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Description as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Service.Description attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Service.Description>)

2.8.7 WebsiteURL

Description

URL of the website of the CRIS

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element WebsiteURL

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/IdentifierTypes#URL> semantics; the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ElectronicAddressTypes#Website> semantics

2.8.8 OAIPMHBaseURL

Description

Base URL for the OAI-PMH protocol endpoint of the CRIS

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element OAIPMHBaseURL

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/IdentifierTypes#URL> semantics; the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ElectronicAddressTypes#OAI-PMH_Base semantics

2.8.9 SubjectHeadingsURL

Description

The URL where the subject classification used by the CRIS can be obtained (using the HTTP GET)

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element SubjectHeadingsURL

CERIF

the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/IdentifierTypes#URL> semantics; the FederatedIdentifier linking entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/ElectronicAddressTypes#SubjectHeadings> semantics

2.8.10 Owner

Description

The owner of the CRIS: The organisation the research of which the CRIS documents

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Owner` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `OrganisationUnit_Service` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Service) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationResearchInfrastructureRoles#Owner> semantics

2.9 Equipment

Description

An equipment is an instrumentality needed for an undertaking or to perform a service:
Definition Source: <http://wordnetweb.princeton.edu/perl/webwn?s=equipment>

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example equipments.xml](#)

Representation

XML element `Equipment`; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the `Equipment` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment>)

2.9.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute `id`

CERIF

the `EquipmentIdentifier` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment.EquipmentIdentifier>)

2.9.2 Type

Description

The type of the equipment

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Type containing the classification identifier and having a scheme attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the Equipment_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment_Classification)

2.9.3 Acronym

Description

Acronym of the equipment

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Acronym

CERIF

the Equipment.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment.Acronym>)

2.9.4 Name

Description

Name of the equipment

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Equipment.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment.Name>)

2.9.5 Identifier

Description

An identifier of this equipment

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Identifier` with mandatory `type` attribute

CERIF

the `FederatedIdentifier` entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#FederatedIdentifier>)

2.9.6 Description

Description

Description of the equipment

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Description` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `Equipment.Description` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Equipment.Description>)

2.9.7 Owner

Description

The owner of the piece of equipment

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Owner` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Person`. A `DisplayName` may be specified, too.

CERIF

the `Person_Service` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Person_Service) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/PersonResearchInfrastructureRoles#Owner> semantics; the `OrganisationUnit_Service` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Service) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/OrganisationResearchInfrastructureRoles#Owner> semantics

2.10 Event

Description

An event is something that happens at a given place and time. Definition Source: <http://wordnetweb.princeton.edu/perl/webwn?s=event>

Examples

[openaire_cerif_xml_example_events.xml](#)

Representation

XML element `Event`; the rest of this section documents children of this element

CERIF

the Event entity (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event>)

2.10.1 Internal Identifier

Use

mandatory (1) in top level entity. When embedded in other entities the Internal Identifier must be included only for managed information (i.e. entities that have a concrete record in the local CRIS system). See [Metadata representation in CERIF XML](#)

Representation

XML attribute `id`

CERIF

the EventIdentifier attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.EventIdentifier>)

2.10.2 Type

Description

The type of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Type` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the Event_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event_Classification)

2.10.3 Acronym

Description

Acronym of the event

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element `Acronym`

CERIF

the Event.Acronym attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.Acronym>)

2.10.4 Name

Description

Name of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Name as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Event.Name attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.Name>)

2.10.5 Place

Description

Location of the event (the city or town)

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Place

CERIF

the Event.CityTown attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.CityTown>)

2.10.6 Country

Description

Country of the location of the event

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element Country

CERIF

the Event.CountryCode attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.CountryCode>)

2.10.7 StartDate

Description

The start date of the event

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element StartDate

CERIF

the Event.StartDate attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.StartDate>)

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.10.8 EndDate

Description

The end date of the event

Use

optional (0..1)

Representation

XML element EndDate

CERIF

the Event.EndDate attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.EndDate>)

Format

full date (YYYY-MM-DD) with optional time zone indication

2.10.9 Description

Description

Description of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Description as a multilingual string

CERIF

the Event.Description attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.Description>)

2.10.10 Subject

Description

The subject category of the event from a classification

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Subject` containing the classification identifier and having a `scheme` attribute to specify the classification scheme identifier

CERIF

the `Event_Classification` (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event_Classification)

2.10.11 Keyword

Description

A single keyword or key expression that characterize the event. Please repeat to serialize separate keywords or key expressions.

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Keyword` as a multilingual string

CERIF

the `Event.Keywords` attribute (<https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Event.Keywords>)

2.10.12 Organizer

Description

The organizer of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element `Organizer` with embedded XML element `OrgUnit` or `Project`

CERIF

the `OrganisationUnit_Event` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Organizer> semantics; the `Project_Event` linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Organizer> semantics

2.10.13 Sponsor

Description

The sponsor of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Sponsor with embedded XML element OrgUnit or Project

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Sponsor> semantics; the Project_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Sponsor> semantics

2.10.14 Partner

Description

The partner of the event

Use

optional, possibly multiple (0..*)

Representation

XML element Partner with embedded XML element OrgUnit or Project

CERIF

the OrganisationUnit_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#OrganisationUnit_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Partner> semantics; the Project_Event linking entity (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#Project_Event) with the <https://w3id.org/cerif/vocab/EventRelationshipKinds#Partner> semantics

TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINES

3.1 Metadata representation in CERIF XML

The CRIS-to-OpenAIRE information interchange uses the OAI-PMH 2.0 protocol with the CERIF XML defined by these Guidelines as the metadata language. This CERIF XML uses the namespace <https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/>. Its structure is defined and constrained by the corresponding XML Schema.¹ Accompanying these Guidelines is a comprehensive set of examples.²

Each metadata object is represented as a top-level XML element: `Publication`, `Product`, `Patent`, `Person`, `OrgUnit`, `Project`, `Funding`, `Event`, `Equipment`. The content model for each of these elements is specified in the previous section; the rest of this subsection gives guidelines to its usage.

CERIF represents titles, names, abstracts and similar text attributes as multi-lingual. In CERIF XML the language is expressed using the standard `xml:lang` attribute. Unless stated otherwise this is considered to be the value in the original language.

While syntactically, the CERIF profile XML allows to construct structures of any depth, the contents of each metadata record should be kept limited to the nearest objects that are representable by a top-level element. These neighboring objects should be expressed using as much detail as is practical to identify them. This includes links to any higher level structures of which the object is part, e.g. to an institution of which an organisation unit is part. More specifically, the `Person` record eventually embedded in the `Author` element of a `Publication` should not include any affiliation information (but also Editors and similar scenario in other entities). Instead, the `Affiliation` element inside the `Author` tag should keep all the `OrgUnit` up to the root organisation including for intermediate level only the name and identifiers.

However, the neighboring object XML shall never contain more information or different information from what is expressed in the main record for that object i.e., where the object is retrieved as a top-level object. This is a stronger form of a requirement of functional dependency.

Display names. In some cases it is important to represent the name of a person or organisation as it appeared in a document (e.g. in the list of authors of a journal article): it can differ from the current official name. The OpenAIRE CERIF profile XML Schema allows to place such a name in a `DisplayName` XML element on some links. Where admissible, it shall occur before the `Person` or `OrgUnit` XML element.

In the extreme case where just the display name of a person or an organisation is known, the `DisplayName` with an empty `Person` or `OrgUnit` XML element can be used.

¹ The XML schema is located at <https://www.openaire.eu/schema/cris/1.1/openaire-cerif-profile.xsd>. This has changed in the 1.1.1 release of these Guidelines.

² Please see an overview map at https://github.com/openaire/guidelines-cris-managers/blob/v1.1/docs/_illustrations/OpenAIRE-examples-map.png; the individual examples as full OAI-PMH 2.0 response messages <https://github.com/openaire/guidelines-cris-managers/tree/v1.1/samples>

Also intermediate cases are supported such as the case where the CRIS system doesn't maintain an authority for external people but has additional information about it such as an ORCID. In such case an embedded Person without an Internal Identifier is allowed with the known information about the person.

However, it is recommended that CRIS managers keep managed authority lists everywhere where these are feasible.

Embedded entities In some cases the CRIS doesn't maintain authority over entities that are only of secondary interest for the institution and thus are not managed. This is often the case for publication channels that are represented in CERIF as a Publication, but could apply also to parts of other entities such as the Event, Person, Funding and others. In these cases, in analogy with the Display names section above, the use of an embedded entity without an internal identifier is allowed.

3.2 OAI-PMH for Harvesting

OpenAIRE uses the OAI-PMH 2.0 protocol for harvesting metadata from CRIS systems.

3.2.1 Metadata Format and Prefix

OpenAIRE Guidelines 1.1 compatible CRIS should use the OAI-PMH metadata prefix `oai_cerif_openaire` and XML metadata contents from the <https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/namespace>.

A sample response to a ListMetadataFormats OAI-PMH request is available in [openaire_oaipmh_example_ListMetadataFormats.xml](#).

3.2.2 OpenAIRE OAI-PMH Sets

For harvesting the records relevant to OpenAIRE, the use of specific OAI-PMH sets at the local CRIS system is mandatory. All of the following OAI-PMH sets shall be recognized by the CRIS, even if not all of them are populated.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_publications (setSpec: `openaire_cris_publications`): The list of CERIF XML records for publications and publishing channels.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_products (setSpec: `openaire_cris_products`): The list of CERIF XML records for datasets and other research products.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_patents (setSpec: `openaire_cris_patents`): The list of CERIF XML records for patents.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_persons (setSpec: `openaire_cris_persons`): The list of CERIF XML records for persons.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_orgunits (setSpec: `openaire_cris_orgunits`): The list of CERIF XML records for organisations and organisation units.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_projects (setSpec: `openaire_cris_projects`): The list of CERIF XML records for projects.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_funding (setSpec: `openaire_cris_funding`): The list of CERIF XML records for funding.

OpenAIRE_CRIS_events (setSpec: openaire_cris_events): The list of CERIF XML records for events.

OpenAIRE_CRIS equipments (setSpec: openaire_cris equipments): The list of CERIF XML records for equipment.

A sample response to a ListSets OAI-PMH request is available in [openaire_oaipmh_example_ListSets.xml](#).

Referential integrity constraints for all relationships among entities that have an internal identifiers (Id attribute) must be satisfied in the CERIF XML data provided by the CRIS system.

Note that there is no set for services. Exactly one Service record, namely the one representing the CRIS, shall be given in the response to an OAI-PMH Identify request. For an example please see [openaire_oaipmh_example_Identify.xml](#).

3.2.3 OAI identifiers

The identifiers of objects from the source CRIS shall be represented as OAI identifier of the form `oai:{service}:{internal ID}` where `{service}` denotes the internet domain name of the CRIS, and `{internal ID}` denotes an internal identifier of the object that MUST be unique within the CRIS across all the entity types. This is usually the case when UUIDs are used, but it can also be achieved by adding the entity type as a prefix to serially generated id numbers (when other distinction is not available and there is a possibility of conflicts), as illustrated in the accompanying examples (e.g. Publications/893204).

The types are expressed by the plural form of the XML element that represents the object i.e., the name of the collection of all such objects.

The internal identifiers are also used in the `id` attributes in the CERIF XML mark-up. If several candidate internal identifiers are available, the most persistent one should be preferred. In many cases a UUID – if it is assigned – is more likely to be persistent than integer IDs.

For example a publication with internal ID of 560d48b6-42c3-4ef9-81d6-32c949fb2cdb (a UUID) from a CRIS running on behalf of the University of Exampleton ([www.exampleton.ac.uk](#) with a cris running at [cris.exampleton.ac.uk](#)) could have the OAI identifier `oai:cris.exampleton.ac.uk:560d48b6-42c3-4ef9-81d6-32c949fb2cdb`

If the CRIS system provides also PID such as an handle, for instance 123456789/1, the OAI identifier could be `oai:cris.exampleton.ac.uk:123456789/1` Finally, in the case the CRIS system has only numeric ID not unique across the whole system, the OAI identifier could be `oai:cris.exampleton.ac.uk:Publications/1`

3.2.4 Compatibility of aggregators

Aggregating CRISs (e.g. at the regional or national levels) can also become compliant to these Guidelines. These CRISs should provide additional provenance information about its records. The relevant section of the [Literature Repository Guidelines](#) should be followed.

FAIR ENABLED

The OpenAIRE and DRIVER guidelines, at the beginning of their time in 2006, had already put the focus on elements that can be found today in the FAIR principles. Community-based refinement and enhancement of the guidelines over time to include elements with their descriptions that are consistent with motivation of FAIR.

OpenAIRE and euroCRIS are proud to announce a dedicated report focusing on the principles of **F*indable, *A*ccessible, *I*nteroperable, and *R*eusable (FAIR)* in relation to the CRIS guideline.

The “Report on compliance with the RDA FAIR Principles in the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers” is based on the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers version 1.1.1 [10.5281/zenodo.2316420]. The report is freely available at ZENODO, [10.5281/zenodo.6953713].